

Macroeconomic Stability and Economic Recovery

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Key takeaways



- Difficult policy trade offs needed to stabilize the economy
 - Limited room to ease monetary and fiscal policy
 - Credible institutions are vital
- We need a new growth model if we are to achieve our aspirations of a democratic economy
 - There are challenges, but also opportunities







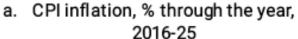


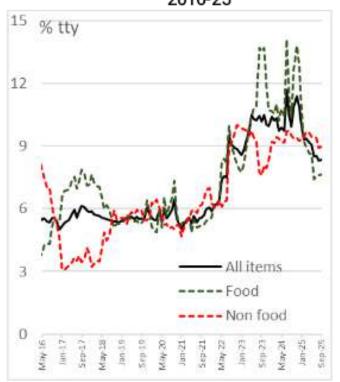


Sticky inflation to challenge policymakers after election...

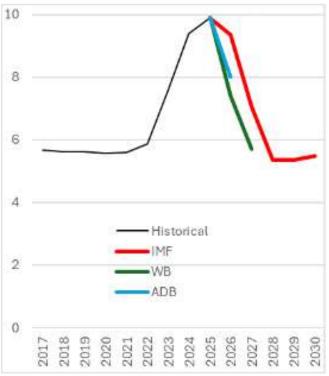


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b. CPI inflation, %, 2017-2030



Source: Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics, IMF, World Bank, Asian Development Bank, author's calculations. Years are fiscal, ending on 30 June.









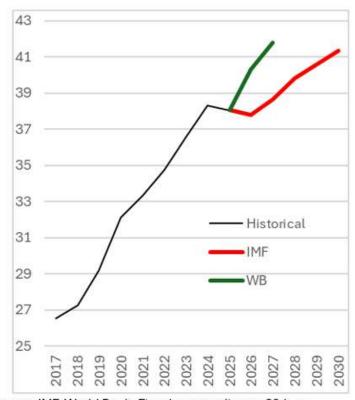


...fiscal space squeezed by the legacy of the fallen regime

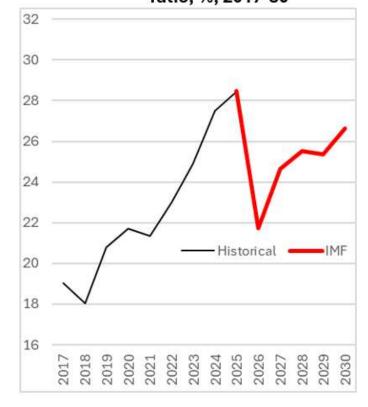


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a. Debt-GDP ratio, %, 2017-30



b. Interest-expenditure to revenue ratio, %, 2017-30











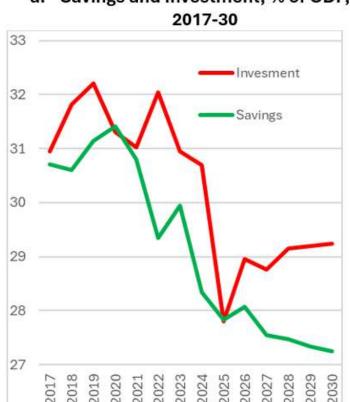




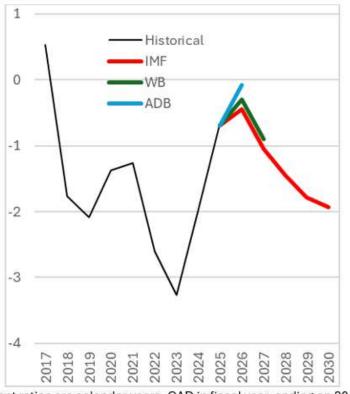
Savings constraint and capital import to pose further challenges



a. Savings and Investment, % of GDP,



b. Current account, % of GDP, 2017-30



Source: IMF, World Bank, Asian Development Bank. Savings-investment ratios are calendar years. CAD in fiscal year, ending on 30 June.







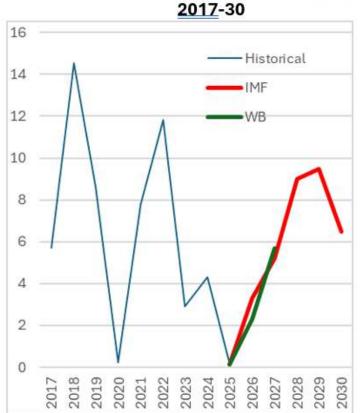




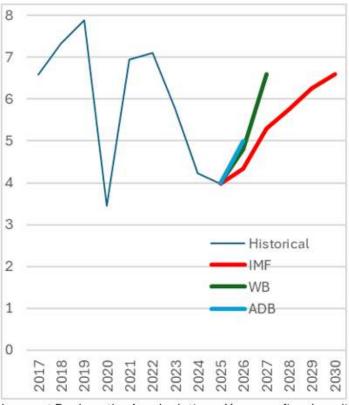
Recovery may not be fast enough for our aspirations



a. Private investment growth, %,



b. GDP growth, %, 2017-30



Source: Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics, IMF, World Bank, Asian Development Bank, author's calculations. Years are fiscal, ending on 30 June.







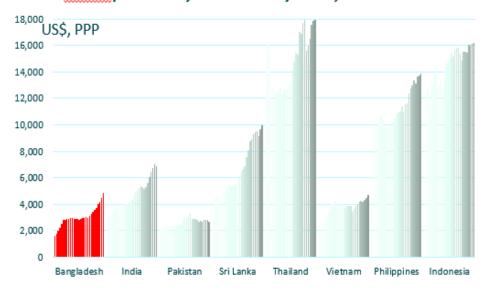




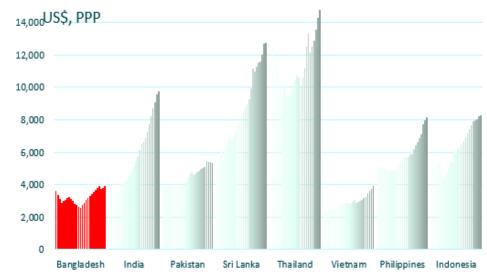
Boosting productivity is the key



Labour productivity in the industry sector, 1991-2019



Labour Productivity in the services sector, 1991-2019



Source: World Bank World Development Indicator







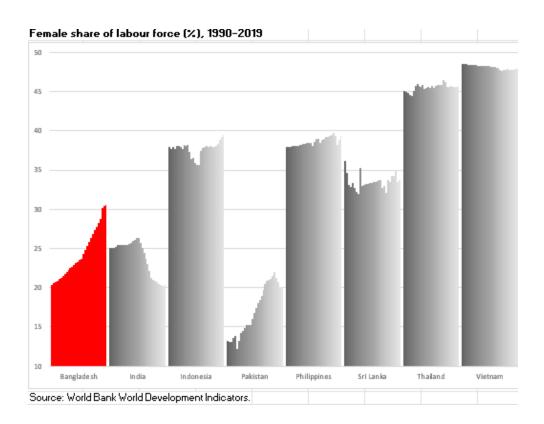


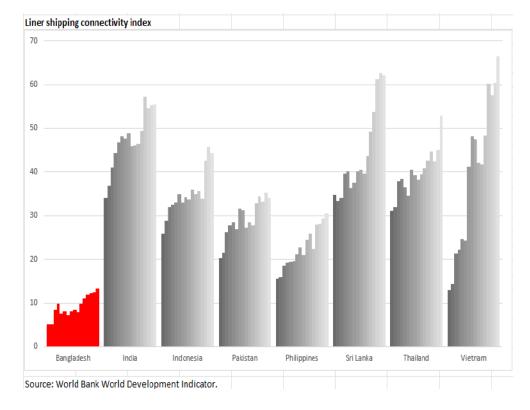


Challenges and opportunities (1)



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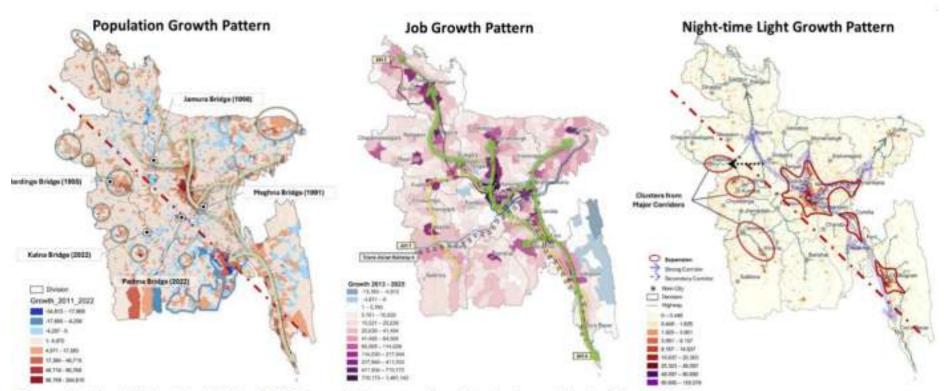


Growth



Challenges and opportunities (2)

Map 4: Distinct spatial growth pattern between more connected northeastern region and fragmented southwestern region



Source: Analysis of the Bangladesh 2001 and 2013 Economic Censuses; and machine-learning analysis simulation to 2025.

Source: World Bank, Bangladesh Development Update, October 2025.











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